MEETING OF THE LEARNING COMMUNITIES OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE OF TORFAEN COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL
Held on Wednesday, 3 October 2018 at 1.30pm-3.45pm
In the Council Chamber, Civic Centre, Hanbury Road, Pontypool, NP4 6YB

MINUTES

Attendance:

Members of the Committee
Councillor Glyn Caron
Councillor Kathy Evans
Councillor Gwyn Jenkins
Councillor Jessica Powell (Chair)
Councillor Kelly Preston
Councillor Rose Seabourne
Councillor Colette Thomas

Statutory (Voting) Co-opted Members:
Mr Bernard Williams

Officers:
Rebecca Fahey, Corporate Scrutiny Officer (CSO)
Dermot McChrystal, Chief Officer Education (COE)
Geraint Thomas, Senior Business Support Officer (SBSO)

Invitees:
Mererid Bowley, Deputy Director of Public Health – Public Health Wales (DDoPH)

Observing:
Councillor Robert Kemp

Action

1 Welcome & apologies

1.1 Apologies were received from Councillors Richard Overton, Chris Tew and Raymond Williams and Dr John Sheridan.

2 Declarations of interest

2.1 There were no declarations of interest.

3 Minutes 21/6/18

3.1 The minutes of the meeting held on 21st June 2018 were confirmed as an accurate record.

4 Action sheet

4.1 Regarding the first action around the Self Evaluation Report, the COE

explained that Estyn were no longer looking for a stand-alone document but instead wanted to see ongoing evidence of self-evaluation and performance management. He added that consideration was required around how the Committee was kept updated around self-evaluation going forward and that he would be attending an Estyn meeting with the Head of Learning that would hopefully prove useful in determining this.

4.2 The committee noted the action sheet.

5 **Improving Outcomes for Children & Young People: Proposed Partnership Arrangements for the Children & Young People Board (CYPB) and the Public Service Board (PSB)**

5.1 The COE gave a presentation, focussing on Appendix E of the report.

5.2 Following Members' questions and comments, the COE and DDoPH made the following main points:

- The COE confirmed that the report had been shared with the PSB and the PSB's Wellbeing Plan was still evolving and taking shape. The Committee's views would be welcome in order to identify further areas of investigations and possible amendments to the Wellbeing Plan.
- The COE reminded the Committee that the Council's Corporate Plan priorities fitted in with the PSB's priorities and thus formed the key parts of service area planning.
- The COE highlighted the 'Raising educational attainment' and 'Objective 3' presentation slides on pages 23 and 24 of the agenda, adding that objectives around children and young people were woven into the objectives within the Wellbeing Plan, rather than having stand-alone objectives designated to children and young people.
- The COE confirmed that the Council took part in a lot of partnership work with organisations such as Public Health Wales, the Aneurin Bevan University Health Board (ABUHB) and the Police but it was important to note that wellbeing was defined differently by different agencies.
- The COE outlined the reporting arrangements on page 27 of the agenda, adding that each group met at least quarterly. He explained that the CYPB was being reconstituted and it would be a sub group of the PSB.
- In terms of Early Years, on page 28 of the agenda, the COE explained that children as young as three years old had issues that impacted on their education, health, etc. He highlighted the ongoing work of the First 1000 Days pilot and Flying Start but also explained that the childcare pilot had started this year, alongside Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council and it was going well.
- The COE explained that some families struggled but did not feel the need to access support services, or did not want to. He suggested that a question existed around how ethical it was to allow them to struggle and whether or not they should be actively targeted.
- The COE and DDoPH confirmed that the data regarding Flying Start children and their progress once in school could be analysed; however it would require several years' worth of analysis, once the cohort had been identified and the school data was married up with them.

- The COE shared the Committee's frustration that some programmes in Wales were not evaluated effectively and therefore lacked evidence regarding whether they made a difference. However, he was confident that Flying Start had made an extraordinary impact on the lives of the families and professionals involved.
- The COE explained that Welsh Government (WG) determine the geographic areas involved with many Early Years programmes and grants; however they would be giving councils more flexibility to decide where grants would be better used. He added that the whole Flying Start programme could be considered with partners, in order to build a sustainable model. He stated that it was important to recruit and retain skilled staff.
- In regards to any changes at Early Years, the COE confirmed that schools had been involved in the discussions, as headteachers were members of the planning bodies, such as the Early Years Development and Childcare Partnership (EYDCP).
- The COE told the Committee that the EYDCP had existed for the last 20 years, with a formal constitution and focussed particularly on childcare and the family information service. He added that they would be more than happy for members of the Committee to visit them.
- The COE explained that home-schooled children had been formally taken out of education by their parents or guardians. There were significant safeguarding concerns attached to this and the Local Education Authority (LEA) had no right to visit them or make enquiries around the curriculum; however they did offer support to those who wished to take it up, which was not very often. He added that as the law stood, the LEA did not keep a comprehensive list of every child that was home-schooled but they did have a list of many children that they were aware of; however he was expecting clarification from WG within the next few weeks regarding keeping a register. He confirmed that the LEA wrote to those on their register on a termly basis.
- The COE confirmed that the number of children that were home-schooled had risen each year from 40 in 2013/14 to 86 in 2016/17 and this growth was mirrored across Wales.
- The COE confirmed that safeguarding concerns around home-schooling had been registered formally with WG.
- The DDoPH explained that it was quite an exciting time regarding emotional support for children and young people within their current settings, as WG had announced transformational funding. She added that discussions had taken place between agencies across the region regarding the funding and how it would be used.
- The DDoPH confirmed that the above funding would be used to support frontline staff, with the intention of avoiding crisis points via early support; however Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) would still be required in certain cases.
- The COE stated that Torfaen was taking part in the 'in-reach' pilot, funded for two years by WG and the DDoPH confirmed that the pilot had already started in terms of upskilling within the school environment to deal with the issues that staff may encounter. The COE added that plans regarding other projects were well advanced but they were waiting for possible funding

from WG.

- The DDoPH confirmed that Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) training was being rolled out across Gwent schools regarding wellbeing responsibilities. She added that it was a three-year programme that started in July 2018.
- The COE confirmed that the programmes and services referred to above would be mapped out by January 2019, with a launch event of the provision maps to follow.
- The COE reminded the Committee that Torfaen was the lead authority regarding Additional Learning Needs (ALN) transformation and stressed that the four proposed work streams highlighted in paragraph 3.7 of the report were not everything that the LEA and partners were doing for children and young people.
- The COE confirmed that a grant of £300-350k was available to the region regarding ALN, with lots of work and plans underway already. He suggested that the topic could be considered by the Committee after spring 2019 and that there was a need to make sure that children and young people and their parents were involved in any planning.
- The COE suggested that ethical and political decisions were required around targeting resources to parents in greatest need that currently chose not to engage with services, which would include taking away the anxiety attached to accepting help. He added that similar questions also existed around tracking certain data and offering support to families regarding other children that they had, if the LEA and partners had supported one of their children in the past. He believed that there was a need for relevant agencies to be proactive in this area but he acknowledged that the extra demand would carry resource implications, with discussion required at EYDCP and PSB level.
- The COE confirmed that the mental health programmes discussed throughout the meeting were available across all age ranges, not just secondary school level.

5.3 Councillor Gwyn Jenkins left the meeting.

5.4 Following further Members' questions and comments, the COE and DDoPH made the following main points:

- The COE confirmed that the EYDCP wanted to build upon the previous success enjoyed around individuals Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEETs) on a multi-agency level. The group wanted to broaden their focus up to 25 years of age and mirror the good work conducted around Early Years. He explained that a Risks of Needs Indicator (RONI) was used regarding NEETS and that data work around patterns across the borough would be required to improve targeting of services. He added that the culture of impact evaluation was not yet mature enough across the board and that it was his role as Lead Director to make sure that interventions were making a difference.
- The COE agreed with the Committee that a more preventative approach was needed at younger ages and that exit strategies were required, as some families become too reliant on support services. He added that great people worked in the support services but they could not resolve

everything, so evidence and risks around data was critical, as the agencies needed to be confident that the correct support services were being used.

- In terms of the Wellbeing Offer on page 30 of the agenda, the COE confirmed that a rich map of wellbeing services for children and young people was being created and signposting of all of the services would be made available online. He added that in order to improve the services available, the relevant agencies' commissioning strategies needed to be joined up.
- The DDoPH confirmed that Public Health Wales had been heavily involved in creating the Wellbeing Plan and that the First 1000 Days pilot and Early Years work was crucial in terms of setting up outcomes for children. She added that Public Health Wales had been joint-leads with the LEA regarding the above. She agreed that it was important to gain the views of children and young people and their parents, adding that they had done this regarding speech and language support as part of the First 1000 Days pilot.
- The DDoPH confirmed that other partners had been involved in the programmes via the PSB and that the ABUHB was committed to the speech and language programme mentioned above.
- The COE confirmed that the next step for the LEA would be to look outside of Torfaen for examples of best practice; however this was already occurring in terms of some partners, as they covered Gwent and Wales as a whole.
- The COE confirmed that a Children and Young People's Parliament for Torfaen could be established, as the views of children and young people would be very useful and the partners could be accountable to the Parliament. He explained that their views should be sought under the National Participation Standards and the Parliament should include under-represented youngsters, such as Gypsy Travellers and those with learning needs.
- The COE believed that the Parliament should be resourced as a partnership and should be the responsibility of everyone, and he would be tabling it at PSB. He added that several existing models were being considered, such as Caerphilly, and that he was waiting to see what the new National Youth Parliament for Wales would look like. He anticipated that it would take over a year to set up the Parliament; however extra resources could accelerate the process.
- The COE stressed the importance of involvement from 18-25 year olds in the Parliament. There would be a need to engage with the new Post 16 facility in Torfaen and third sector organisations, with work to be conducted around communications and making membership of the Parliament an attractive prospect for children and young people.
- The COE expected the Wellbeing Plan to be completed by Christmas 2018 and implemented during the following term. He added that measurements around more people attending university and less teenage pregnancies were already part of team plans and he did not expect to see them in the Wellbeing Plan at this point in time.
- The COE explained that due to budget variations and uncertainty around grants, a cultural shift was vital across all partners and this would provide the best insulation for the future. He reminded everyone that this was the

purpose of the Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.

- The COE confirmed that the Leader was the only elected member on the newly reconstituted CYPB, in order to avoid the Board being Council dominated, as it was a sub group of the PSB.
- The COE believed that it was more important to finalise the Wellbeing Plan and achieve a cultural change than to focus on branding and publicising it, adding that most of the communications work would focus on the participation work involved.
- The COE confirmed that governance arrangements needed to be finalised, which would obviously include the role of the Learning Communities Overview and Scrutiny Committee.
- The COE and DDoPH were confident that there were no significant gaps in the Wellbeing Plan and that participation would prove vital to shaping work around real issues going forward.
- In response to a suggestion that there was a lack of capacity and resource to deal with everything that the LEA and partners did, the COE suggested that some non-statutory services could change or cease, if work attributed to the Wellbeing Plan required resources.
- The COE confirmed that the ultimate goal was to create easy access regarding all routes of the care pathway, as clarity around availability was vital for children and young people and their parents.
- The COE acknowledged that the proposed new reporting structure contained within Appendix A was focussed around the Education department; however he stressed that this was just a starting point and he expected wider involvement from other partners in due course.
- The COE confirmed that the Wellbeing Plan would be tabled at PSB prior to Christmas 2018, with termly reviews after that. He explained that its complete impact could take up to five years to be measured and progress could be brought back to the Committee, in order to keep them involved in the Plan's evolution.

5.5 The Chair thanked the COE and DDoPH for their contributions to the meeting and they left the meeting.

5.6 **Recommendations**

On completion of their scrutiny activity, the Committee concluded by offering the following comments and recommendations for consideration:

Recommendation 1 –
The Learning O&S Committee expressed concern that the CYPB membership is too narrow and council focussed. The Committee recommend expanding this membership as a priority to include for example: - representatives from the police service, youth offending service, young people etc…
The Committee also recommend that whilst the reporting structure in Appendix A sets out the pathway for reporting upwards to the PSB Executive Group, it is just as important that information is disseminated downwards to relevant partners and stakeholders.

Recommendation 2 –
The Committee were encouraged by the work being undertaken on youth engagement and participation, however they recommend that those who are home schooled be informed and encouraged to be part of this process as well as other groups such as youths from the traveller community and younger children in primary schools.
The Committee expressed the importance of all young people feeling included in this process and that it should not be just those pupils in school who have the confidence and skills to put themselves forward for their School Council.

Recommendation 3 –
In continuing to progress the pulling together of a single coordinated plan for Children & Young People, the Committee recommend taking a bottom up approach in the development process with stakeholders, parents and young people being engaged at the earliest possible opportunity.

Recommendation 4 –
Due to the absence of a draft of the plan, the Committee recommend that once all the elements have been pulled together into the coordinated single plan that it be presented to a member's seminar. Members felt strongly that the plan be communicated to all members in their role as corporate parents.

6 **Date of next meeting 28/11/18**

6.1 The date of the next meeting was noted. The CSO informed the Committee that they would be considering Exclusions and Attendance.

6.2 The meeting ended at 3.45pm.

CYFAR FOD PWYLLGOR TROSOLWG A CHRAFFU CYMUNEDAU DYSGU
CYNGOR BWRDEISTREF SIROL TORFAEN
A gynhaliwyd ddydd Mercher, 3 Hydref 2018 am 1.30pm-3.45pm
Yn Siambr y Cyngor, Y Ganolfan Ddinesig, Hanbury Road, Pont-y-pŵl, NP4 6YB

COFNODION

Yn bresennol:

Aelodau'r Pwyllgor
Y Cynghorydd Glyn Caron
Y Cynghorydd Kathy Evans
Y Cynghorydd Gwyn Jenkins
Y Cynghorydd Jessica Powell (Cadeirydd)
Y Cynghorydd Kelly Preston
Y Cynghorydd Rose Seabourne
Y Cynghorydd Colette Thomas

Aelod Cyfetholedig Statudol (Pleidleisio):
Mr Bernard Williams

Swyddogion:
Rebecca Fahey, Swyddog Craffu Corfforaethol (SCC)
Dermot McChrystal, Prif Swyddog Addysg (PSA)
Geraint Thomas, Uwch Swyddog Cymorth Busnes (USCB)

Gwahoddedigion:
Mererid Bowley, Dirprwy Gyfarwyddwr Iechyd y Cyhoedd - Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru (DGIyC)

Arsylwi:
Y Cynghorydd Robert Kemp

		Gweithred
1.	**Croeso ac ymddiheuriadau**	
1.1	Derbyniwyd ymddiheuriadau gan Y Cynghorwyr Richard Overton, Chris Tew a Raymond Williams a Dr John Sheridan.	
2.	**Datganiadau o fuddiant**	
2.1	Ni chafwyd unrhyw ddatganiadau o fuddiant.	
3.	**Cofnodion 21.6.2018**	
3.1	Cadarnhawyd bod cofnodion y cyfarfod a gynhaliwyd ar 21 Mehefin 2018 yn gywir.	
4.	**Taflen weithredu**	

		Gweithred
4.1 4.2	O ran y camau cyntaf ynglŷn â'r Adroddiad Hunanwerthuso, eglurodd y PSA nad oedd Estyn bellach yn chwilio am ddogfen ar wahân ond yn hytrach am weld tystiolaeth barhaus o hunanwerthuso a rheoli perfformiad. Ychwanegodd fod angen ystyried sut y bydd y Pwyllgor yn derbyn y wybodaeth ddiweddaraf o ran hunanwerthuso wrth fynd ymlaen ac y byddai ef yn mynychu cyfarfod Estyn gyda'r Pennaeth Dysgu a fyddai'n ddefnyddiol, yn ôl pob gobaith, i bennu hyn. Fe wnaeth y pwyllgor nodyn o'r daflen weithredu.	
5.	**Gwella Canlyniadau i Blant a Phobl Ifanc: Trefniadau Partneriaeth Arfaethedig ar gyfer y Bwrdd Plant a Phobl Ifanc (BPPhI) a'r Bwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus (BGC)**	
5.1 5.2	Cafwyd cyflwyniad gan y PSA, yn canolbwyntio ar Atodiad E yn yr adroddiad. Yn dilyn cwestiynau a sylwadau gan yr Aelodau, gwnaeth y PSA a'r DGIyC y prif bwyntiau canlynol: • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod yr adroddiad wedi'i rannu gyda'r BGC a bod Cynllun Lles y BGC dal i fod yn esblygu a chymryd siâp. Byddai barn y Pwyllgor yn cael ei groesawu er mwyn nodi meysydd ymhellach o ymchwiliadau a newidiadau posibl i'r Cynllun Lles. • Atgoffodd y PSA y Pwyllgor fod blaenoriaethau Cynllun Corfforaethol y Cyngor yn cyd-fynd â blaenoriaethau'r BGC ac felly'n ffurfio rhannau allweddol o gynlluniau meysydd gwasanaeth. • Tynnodd y PSA sylw at y sleidiau 'Codi cyrhaeddiad addysgol' ac 'Amcan 3' ar dudalennau 23 a 24 ar yr agenda, gan ychwanegu bod amcanion yn ymwneud â phlant a phobl ifanc yn ymblethu yn yr amcanion o fewn y Cynllun Lles, yn hytrach na chael amcanion annibynnol wedi'u dynodi i blant a phobl ifanc. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod y Cyngor wedi cymryd rhan mewn llawer o waith partneriaeth gyda sefydliadau fel Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru, Bwrdd Iechyd Prifysgol Aneurin Bevan (BIPAB) a'r Heddlu ond roedd yn bwysig nodi bod gwahanol asiantaethau wedi diffinio lles mewn ffordd wahanol. • Amlinellodd y PSA y trefniadau adrodd ar dudalen 27 yr agenda, gan ychwanegu bod pob grŵp wedi cyfarfod o leiaf bob chwarter. Eglurodd fod y BPPhI yn cael ei ailgyfansoddi a byddai bellach yn is-grŵp i'r BGC. • O ran y Blynyddoedd Cynnar, ar dudalen 28 ar yr agenda, eglurodd y PSA fod gan blant mor ifanc â thair blwydd oed broblemau a oedd yn effeithio ar eu haddysg, eu hiechyd, ac ati. Tynnodd sylw at waith parhaus Gynllun Peilot y 1000 Diwrnod Cyntaf a Dechrau'n Deg ond eglurodd hefyd fod y cynllun peilot gofal plant wedi dechrau eleni, ochr yn ochr â Chyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Blaenau Gwent ac roedd yn mynd yn dda.	

		Gweithred
	• Esboniodd y PSA fod rhai teuluoedd yn cael trafferthion ond nad oeddent yn teimlo bod angen mynediad at wasanaethau cymorth, neu nad oeddent eisiau cael mynediad atynt. Awgrymodd fod cwestiwn yn bodoli ynglŷn â pha mor foesegol oedd hi i ganiatáu iddynt frwydro a p'un a dylid mynd ati i'w targedu ai peidio. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA a'r DGIyC y byddai modd dadansoddi'r data ynghylch plant Dechrau'n Deg a'u cynnydd unwaith y byddent yn yr ysgol; fodd bynnag, byddai'n galw am ddadansoddi gwerth sawl blwyddyn, unwaith y cawsai'r garfan ei nodi a bod data'r ysgol yn cyfateb â hwy. • Rhannai'r PSA rwystredigaeth y Pwyllgor nad oedd rhai rhaglenni yng Nghymru yn cael eu gwerthuso'n effeithiol ac felly nid oedd ganddynt dystiolaeth ynghylch a oeddent yn gwneud gwahaniaeth. Fodd bynnag, roedd yn hyderus bod Dechrau'n Deg wedi gwneud effaith eithriadol ar fywydau'r teuluoedd a'r gweithwyr proffesiynol dan sylw. • Eglurodd y PSA fod Llywodraeth Cymru (LlC) yn pennu'r ardaloedd daearyddol sy'n gysylltiedig â llawer o raglenni a grantiau'r Blynyddoedd Cynnar; fodd bynnag, byddent yn rhoi mwy o hyblygrwydd i gynghorau benderfynu ym mha feysydd fyddai orau i ddefnyddio'r grantiau. Ychwanegodd y gellid ystyried y rhaglen Dechrau'n Deg gyfan gyda phartneriaid, er mwyn adeiladu model cynaliadwy. Dywedodd ei bod yn bwysig recriwtio a chadw staff medrus. • Mewn perthynas ag unrhyw newidiadau yn y Blynyddoedd Cynnar, cadarnhaodd y PSA fod ysgolion wedi bod yn rhan o'r trafodaethau, gan fod penaethiaid yn aelodau o'r cyrff cynllunio, fel y Bartneriaeth Datblygu'r Blynyddoedd Cynnar a Gofal Plant (PDBCaGP). • Dywedodd y PSA wrth y Pwyllgor fod y PDBCaGP wedi bodoli ers yr 20 mlynedd ddiwethaf, gyda chyfansoddiad ffurfiol, ac yn canolbwyntio'n arbennig ar ofal plant a'r gwasanaeth gwybodaeth i deuluoedd. Ychwanegodd y byddent yn fwy na pharod i aelodau'r Pwyllgor ymweld â nhw. • Eglurodd y PSA fod y plant sy'n derbyn eu haddysg yn y cartref wedi cael eu tynnu allan o addysg yn ffurfiol gan eu rhieni neu'u gwarcheidwaid. Roedd pryderon diogelu sylweddol ynghlwm wrth hyn ac nid oedd gan yr Awdurdod Addysg Lleol (AALl) yr hawl i ymweld â hwy nac i wneud ymholiadau ynghylch y cwricwlwm; fodd bynnag, roeddent yn cynnig cefnogaeth i'r rheini a oedd am ei chymryd, ond prin iawn oedd hyn yn digwydd. Ychwanegodd, yn ôl y gyfraith newydd, nad oedd yr AALl yn cadw rhestr gynhwysfawr o bob plentyn sy'n derbyn addysg yn y cartref, ond roedd ganddynt restr o lawer o blant yr oeddent yn ymwybodol ohonynt; fodd bynnag, roedd yn disgwyl eglurhad gan LC o fewn yr wythnosau nesaf ynglŷn â chadw cofrestr. Cadarnhaodd fod yr AALl wedi ysgrifennu'n dymhorol at y rhai sydd ar eu cofrestr. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod nifer y plant sy'n derbyn eu haddysg yn y cartrefi wedi cynyddu bob blwyddyn o 40 yn 2013/14 i 86 yn 2016/17 a	

		Gweithred
	gwelwyd y fath dwf ledled Cymru. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod y pryderon diogelu yn ymwneud ag addysgu yn y cartref wedi cael eu cofrestru'n ffurfiol gyda LlCC. • Eglurodd y DGIyC ei bod yn amser eithaf cyffrous ynglŷn â chefnogaeth emosiynol i blant a phobl ifanc yn eu lleoliadau presennol, gan fod LlC wedi cyhoeddi cyllid trawsnewidiol. Ychwanegodd fod trafodaethau wedi digwydd rhwng asiantaethau ar draws y rhanbarth ynghylch y cyllid a sut y byddai'n cael ei ddefnyddio. • Cadarnhaodd y DGIyC y byddai'r cyllid uchod yn cael ei ddefnyddio i gefnogi staff rheng flaen, gyda'r bwriad o osgoi pwyntiau argyfwng trwy gefnogaeth gynnar; fodd bynnag, byddai angen galw ar Wasanaethau Iechyd Meddwl Plant a'r Glasoed (CAMHS) o hyd mewn rhai achosion. • Dywedodd y PSA fod Torfaen yn cymryd rhan yn y peilot 'mewn-gymorth', a ariennir am ddwy flynedd gan LC a chadarnhaodd y DGIyC fod y cynllun peilot eisoes wedi dechrau o ran cynyddu sgiliau o fewn amgylchedd yr ysgol i ymdrin â'r materion y gallai staff ddod ar eu traws. Ychwanegodd y PSA fod cynlluniau mewn perthynas â phrosiectau eraill wedi datblygu'n dda ond roeddent yn aros am arian posibl gan LC. • Cadarnhaodd y DGIyC fod hyfforddiant Profiadau Niweidiol mewn Plentyndod (ACE) yn cael ei gyflwyno ar draws ysgolion Gwent ynglŷn â chyfrifoldebau lles. Ychwanegodd ei fod yn rhaglen tair blynedd a ddechreuodd ym mis Gorffennaf 2018. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA y byddai'r rhaglenni a'r gwasanaethau y cyfeirir atynt uchod yn cael eu mapio erbyn Ionawr 2019, gyda digwyddiad lansio'r mapiau darpariaeth i ddilyn. • Atgoffodd y PSA y Pwyllgor mai Torfaen oedd yr awdurdod arweiniol ynglŷn â thrawsnewid Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol (ADY) a phwysleisiodd nad y pedwar ffrwd waith arfaethedig yn unig a amlygwyd ym mharagraff 3.7 yr adroddiad oedd y cyfan a oedd yr AALl a'r partneriaid yn ei wneud i blant a phobl ifanc. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod grant o £300-350k ar gael i'r rhanbarth ynglŷn ag ADY, gyda llawer o waith a chynlluniau yn mynd rhagddynt eisoes. Awgrymodd y gallai'r Pwyllgor ystyried y pwnc ar ôl gwanwyn 2019 a bod angen sicrhau bod plant a phobl ifanc a'u rhieni yn cymryd rhan mewn unrhyw gynllunio. • Awgrymodd y PSA fod angen penderfyniadau moesegol a gwleidyddol o ran targedu adnoddau i rieni sydd â'r angen mwyaf a ddewisodd ar hyn o bryd i beidio ag ymgysylltu â gwasanaethau, a fyddai'n cynnwys diddymu'r pryder sydd ynghlwm wrth dderbyn cymorth. Ychwanegodd fod cwestiynau tebyg hefyd yn bodoli o ran olrhain data penodol a chynnig cefnogaeth i deuluoedd ynglŷn â phlant eraill oedd ganddynt, pe bai'r AALl a'r partneriaid wedi cefnogi un o'u plant yn y gorffennol. Roedd yn credu bod angen i asiantaethau perthnasol fod yn rhagweithiol yn y maes hwn ond roedd yn cydnabod y byddai'r galw ychwanegol yn golygu goblygiadau o ran adnoddau, gyda'r angen am drafodaeth ar lefel PDBCaGP a BGC.	

		Gweithred
	• Cadarnhaodd y PSA bod y rhaglenni iechyd meddwl a drafodwyd drwy gydol y cyfarfod, ar gael ar draws pob ystod oedran, nid yn unig ar lefel ysgol uwchradd.	
5.3	Gadawodd Y Cynghorydd Gwyn Jenkins y cyfarfod.	
5.4	Yn dilyn y cwestiynau a sylwadau pellach gan yr aelodau, fe wnaeth y PSA a'r DGIyC y sylwadau canlynol: • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod y DGIyC eisiau adeiladu ar y llwyddiant blaenorol a fwynhawyd o ran unigolion nad ydynt mewn addysg, cyflogaeth na hyfforddiant (NEET) ar lefel aml-asiantaeth. Roedd y grŵp eisiau ehangu eu ffocws hyd at 25 mlwydd oed ac adlewyrchu'r gwaith da a wneir o ran y Blynyddoedd Cynnar. Eglurodd fod Dangosydd Perygl o Anghenion (RONI) yn cael ei ddefnyddio o ran pobl nad ydynt mewn Addysg, Cyflogaeth na Hyfforddiant (NEETS) a bod angen gwaith data ar batrymau ar draws y fwrdeistref i wella targedu gwasanaethau. Ychwanegodd nad oedd y gwerthusiad o effaith diwylliant eto'n ddigon aeddfed ar y cyfan ac mai ei rôl ef fel Cyfarwyddwr Arweiniol oedd sicrhau bod ymyriadau'n gwneud gwahaniaeth. • Cytunodd y PSA â'r Pwyllgor bod angen dull mwy ataliol o oedrannau iau a bod angen strategaethau ymadael, gan fod rhai teuluoedd yn dod yn rhy ddibynnol ar wasanaethau cymorth. Ychwanegodd fod pobl wych yn gweithio yn y gwasanaethau cymorth ond ni allent ddatrys popeth, felly roedd tystiolaeth a risgiau o ran data yn hanfodol, gan fod angen i'r asiantaethau fod yn hyderus bod y gwasanaethau cymorth cywir yn cael eu defnyddio. • O ran y Cynnig Lles ar dudalen 30 yr agenda, cadarnhaodd y PSA fod map cyfoethog o wasanaethau lles i blant a phobl ifanc yn cael ei greu a byddai modd o gyfeirio at yr holl wasanaethau ar-lein. Ychwanegodd, er mwyn gwella'r gwasanaethau sydd ar gael, bod angen cydgysylltu strategaethau comisiynu'r asiantaethau perthnasol. • Cadarnhaodd y DGIyC fod Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru wedi chwarae rhan helaeth o ran creu'r Cynllun Lles a bod gwaith peilot y 1000 diwrnod cyntaf a Blynyddoedd Cynnar yn hanfodol o ran sefydlu canlyniadau i blant. Ychwanegodd fod Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cymru wedi bod yn gyd-arweinwyr gyda'r AALl ynglŷn â'r uchod. Cytunodd ei bod yn bwysig cael barn plant a phobl ifanc a'u rhieni, gan ychwanegu eu bod wedi gwneud hyn ynglŷn â chymorth lleferydd ac iaith fel rhan o gynllun peilot y 1000 Diwrnod Cyntaf. • Cadarnhaodd y DGIyC fod partneriaid eraill wedi bod yn rhan o'r rhaglenni drwy'r BGC a bod BIPAB wedi ymrwymo i'r rhaglen iaith a lleferydd a grybwyllir uchod. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA mai'r cam nesaf i'r AALl fyddai edrych y tu allan i Dorfaen am enghreifftiau o arfer gorau; fodd bynnag, roedd hyn eisoes yn digwydd o ran rhai partneriaid, gan eu bod yn cwmpasu Gwent a Chymru gyfan.	

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	• Cadarnhaodd y PSA y byddai modd sefydlu Senedd Plant a Phobl Ifanc i Dorfaen, gan y byddai barn plant a phobl ifanc yn ddefnyddiol iawn a gallai'r partneriaid fod yn atebol i'r Senedd. Esboniodd y dylid ceisio eu barn o dan y Safonau Cyfranogiad Cenedlaethol a dylai'r Senedd gynnwys pobl ifanc, fel Sipsiwn-Teithwyr a'r rhai ag anghenion dysgu, sydd heb gynrychiolaeth ddigonol. • Roedd y PSA o'r farn mai fel Senedd y dylid gweithredu'r bartneriaeth a dylai fod yn gyfrifoldeb ar bawb, a byddai'n ei godi yn y BGC. Ychwanegodd fod nifer o fodelau presennol yn cael eu hystyried, fel Caerffili, a'i fod yn aros i weld sut beth fyddai Senedd Genedlaethol Ieuenctid Cymru. Roedd yn rhagweld y byddai'n cymryd drosodd flwyddyn i sefydlu'r Senedd; fodd bynnag gallai adnoddau ychwanegol gyflymu'r broses. • Pwysleisiodd y PSA bwysigrwydd cynnwys pobl ifanc 18-25 oed yn y Senedd. Byddai angen ymgysylltu â'r cyfleuster Ôl-16 newydd yn Nhorfaen a sefydliadau'r trydydd sector, a byddai gwaith i'w wneud o ran cyfathrebu a sicrhau bod ymaelodi â'r Senedd yn rhywbeth deniadol i blant a phobl ifanc. • Roedd y PSA yn disgwyl y byddai'r Cynllun Lles yn cael ei gwblhau erbyn Nadolig 2018 a'i weithredu yn ystod y tymor canlynol. Ychwanegodd fod mesuriadau ynghylch mwy o bobl yn mynychu'r brifysgol a llai o feichiogrwydd ymysg merched yn eu harddegau eisoes yn rhan o gynlluniau tîm ac nid oedd yn disgwyl eu gweld yn y Cynllun Lles ar hyn o bryd. • Eglurodd y PSA, oherwydd amrywiadau ac ansicrwydd y gyllideb, o ran grantiau, bod newid diwylliannol yn hanfodol ar draws yr holl bartneriaid ac mai dyna'r ynysydd gorau ar gyfer y dyfodol. Atgoffodd bawb mai dyma yw pwrpas Deddf Lles Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol (Cymru) 2015. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA mai'r Arweinydd oedd yr unig aelod etholedig ar y BPPhI sydd newydd ei ailgyfansoddi, er mwyn osgoi bod y Bwrdd yn cael ei ddominyddu gan y Cyngor, gan ei fod yn is-grŵp i'r BGC. • Roedd y PSA o'r farn ei bod yn bwysicach gorffen y Cynllun Lles a chyflawni newid diwylliannol nag i ganolbwyntio ar frandio a'i gyhoeddi, gan ychwanegu y byddai'r rhan fwyaf o'r gwaith cyfathrebu yn canolbwyntio ar y gwaith cyfranogiad dan sylw. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA fod angen cwblhau'r trefniadau llywodraethu, a fyddai'n amlwg yn cynnwys rôl y Pwyllgor Trosolwg a Chraffu Cymunedau Dysgu. • Roedd y PSA a'r DGIyC yn hyderus nad oedd unrhyw fylchau sylweddol yn y Cynllun Lles a byddai cyfranogiad yn hanfodol i lunio gwaith o gwmpas materion go iawn wrth symud ymlaen. • Mewn ymateb i awgrym bod diffyg gallu ac adnoddau i ddelio â phopeth yr oedd yr AALl a phartneriaid yn ei wneud, awgrymodd y PSA y gallai rhai gwasanaethau anstatudol newid neu roi'r gorau iddi, os oedd angen adnoddau ar y gwaith sy'n priodoli'r Cynllun Lles. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA mai'r nod yn y pen draw oedd creu mynediad	

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	hawdd ynglŷn â holl lwybrau'r llwybr gofal, gan fod eglurder ynghylch yr hyn sydd ar gael, yn hanfodol i blant, pobl ifanc a'u rhieni. • Cydnabu'r PSA bod y strwythur adrodd newydd arfaethedig yn Atodiad A yn canolbwyntio ar yr Adran Addysg; fodd bynnag, pwysleisiodd mai man cychwyn yn unig oedd hwn ac roedd yn disgwyl cyfraniad ehangach gan bartneriaid eraill maes o law. • Cadarnhaodd y PSA y byddai'r Cynllun Lles yn cael ei gyflwyno i'r BGC cyn y Nadolig 2018, gydag adolygiadau tymhorol ar ôl hynny. Eglurodd y gallai ei effaith gyflawn gymryd hyd at bum mlynedd i'w fesur a byddai modd rhoi adborth ar gynnydd i'r Pwyllgor, er mwyn eu cadw'n rhan o esblygiad y Cynllun.	
5.5	Diolchodd y Cadeirydd i'r PSA a'r DGIyC am eu cyfraniadau i'r cyfarfod ac fe wnaeth y ddau adael.	
5.6	**Argymhellion** Ar ôl cwblhau eu gweithgaredd craffu, fe wnaeth y Pwyllgor gloi trwy gynnig y sylwadau a'r argymhellion canlynol i'w hystyried: Argymhelliad 1 – Mynegodd y Pwyllgor T a Ch Cymunedau Dysgu bryder bod aelodaeth y BPPhI yn rhy gul ac yn canolbwyntio ar y cyngor. Argymhellodd y Pwyllgor ehangu'r aelodaeth hon fel blaenoriaeth i gynnwys, er enghraifft: - cynrychiolwyr o'r gwasanaeth heddlu, y gwasanaeth troseddau ieuenctid, pobl ifanc ac ati ... Mae'r Pwyllgor hefyd yn argymell, er bod y strwythur adrodd yn atodiad A yn nodi'r llwybr ar gyfer adrodd i fyny i Grŵp Gweithredol y BGC, mae yr un mor bwysig lledaenu gwybodaeth i lawr i bartneriaid a rhanddeiliaid perthnasol. Argymhelliad 2 – Calonogwyd y Pwyllgor gan y gwaith a wneir ar ymgysylltu a chynnwys pob ifanc, fodd bynnag maent yn argymell bod y rhai sy'n cael eu haddysgu gartref yn cael gwybod am y broses ac yn cael eu hannog i fod yn rhan ohoni, yn ogystal â grwpiau eraill fel pobl ifanc o'r gymuned sipsiwn a phlant iau mewn ysgolion cynradd. Mynegodd y Pwyllgor pa mor bwysig ydyw i bob person ifanc deimlo'r rhan o'r broses hon ac na ddylai fod ar gyfer y disgyblion hynny mewn ysgolion sy'n meddu ar yr hyder a'r sgiliau i gyflwyno'u hunain ar gyfer eu Cyngor Ysgol. Argymhelliad 3 – Wrth barhau i ddatblygu cynllun cydlynol sengl ar gyfer Plant a Phobl Ifanc, mae'r Pwyllgor yn argymell cymryd ymagwedd o'r gwaelod i fyny yn y broses ddatblygu, gyda rhanddeiliaid, rhieni a phobl ifanc yn cymryd rhan cyn gynted â phosib. Argymhelliad 4 – Oherwydd diffyg drafft o'r cynllun, mae'r Pwyllgor yn argymell, unwaith y bydd	

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	yr holl elfennau wedi'u tynnu at ei gilydd yn y cynllun sengl cydlynol y caiff ei gyflwyno gerbron seminar yr aelodau. Teimlai'r Aelodau'n gryf y dylid cyfleu'r cynllun i bob aelod yn eu rôl fel rhieni corfforaethol.	
6.	**Dyddiad y cyfarfod nesaf 28.11.2018**	
6.1 6.2	Nodwyd ddyddiad y cyfarfod nesaf. Dywedodd y PSA wrth y Pwyllgor y byddent yn ystyried Gwaharddiadau a Phresenoldeb. Daeth y cyfarfod i ben am 3.45pm.	